

Exploring Liechtenstein's and Poland's Perspectives on European Integration



Poland in the Post-Brexit European Union

Rafał Riedel

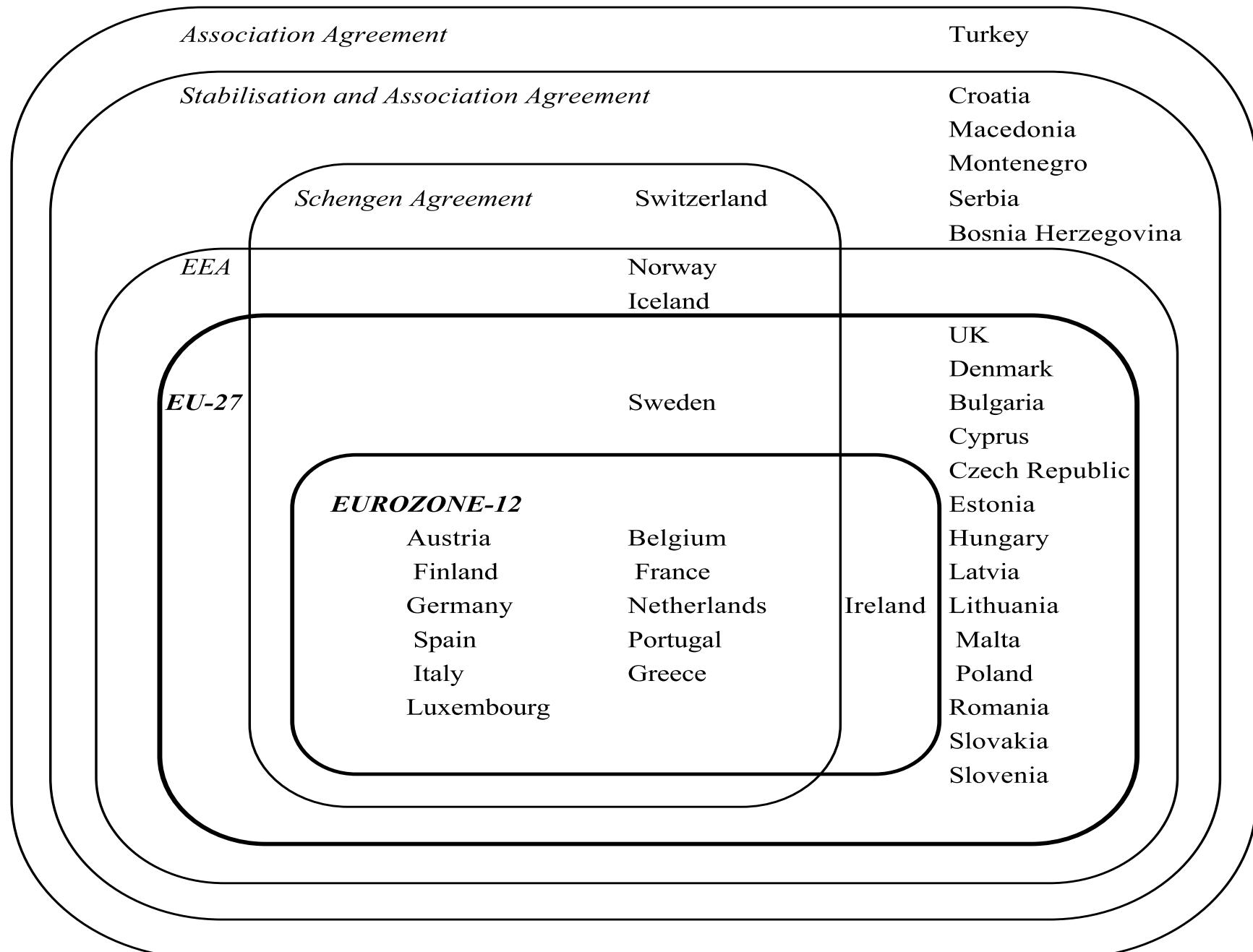


OUTLINE

Iceland 
Liechtenstein
Norway grants

- ◆ INTRO
- ◆ Positioning Poland on the map of European (differentiated) integration
- ◆ Economy
- ◆ Politics
- ◆ Social Dimension
- ◆ Outlook for the future
- ◆ Q & A





EUROPEAN UNION

Croatia



- Financial
- Transaction
- Tax

- Italy***
- Spain

ESM

Divorce

Law*

Cyprus

Finland

Estonia

Greece

Austria

Belgium

France

Latvia

Lithuania

Bulgaria

Romania

Ireland

Netherlands

Slovakia

Germany

Portugal

Slovenia

Luxembourg

Malta

Denmark

Poland

United Kingdom

Czech Republic

Sweden

Banking Union**

Euro Plus Pact

TSCG

Patent*

European Economic Area

Iceland

Liechtenstein

Norway

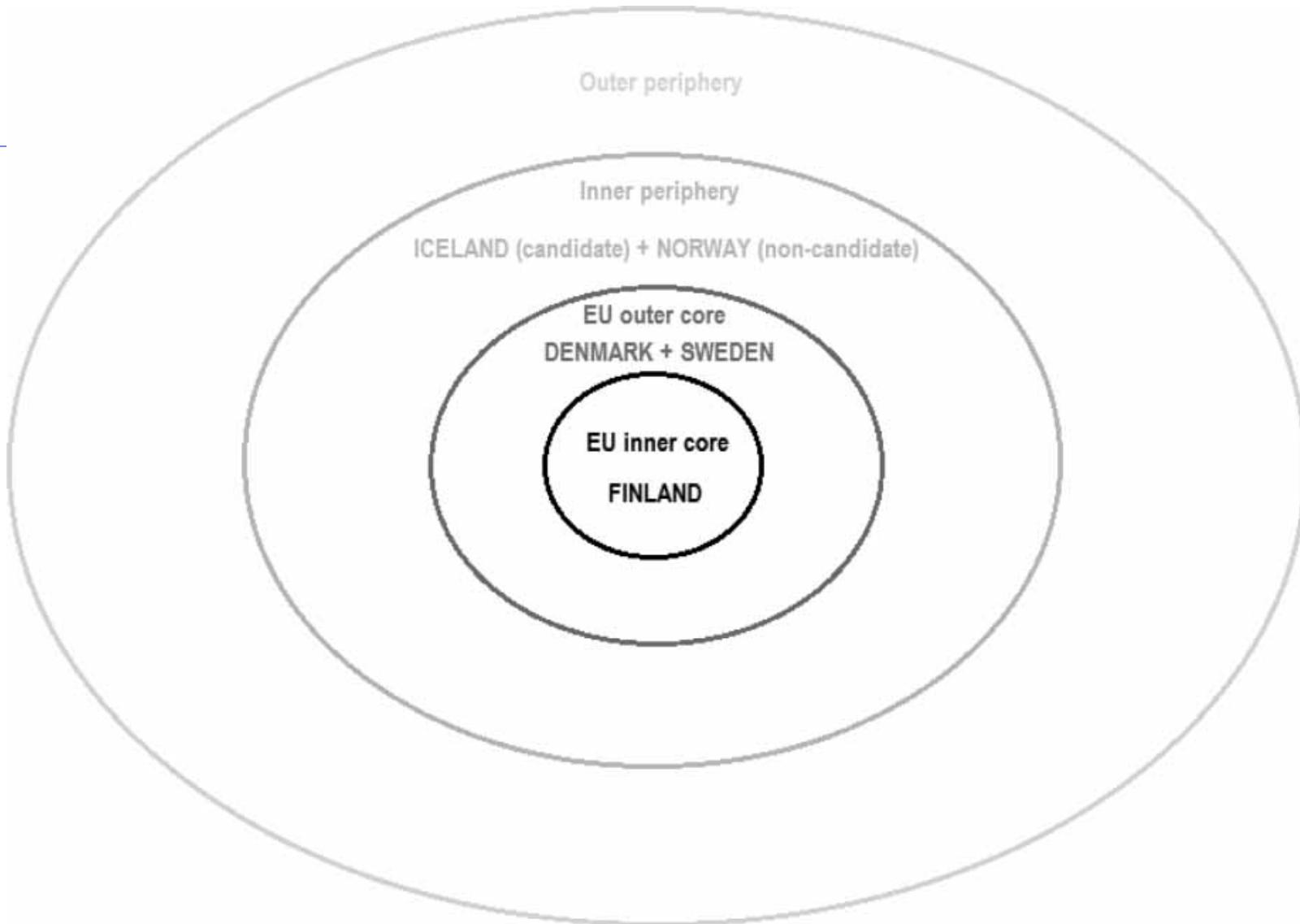
Switzerland

Schengen

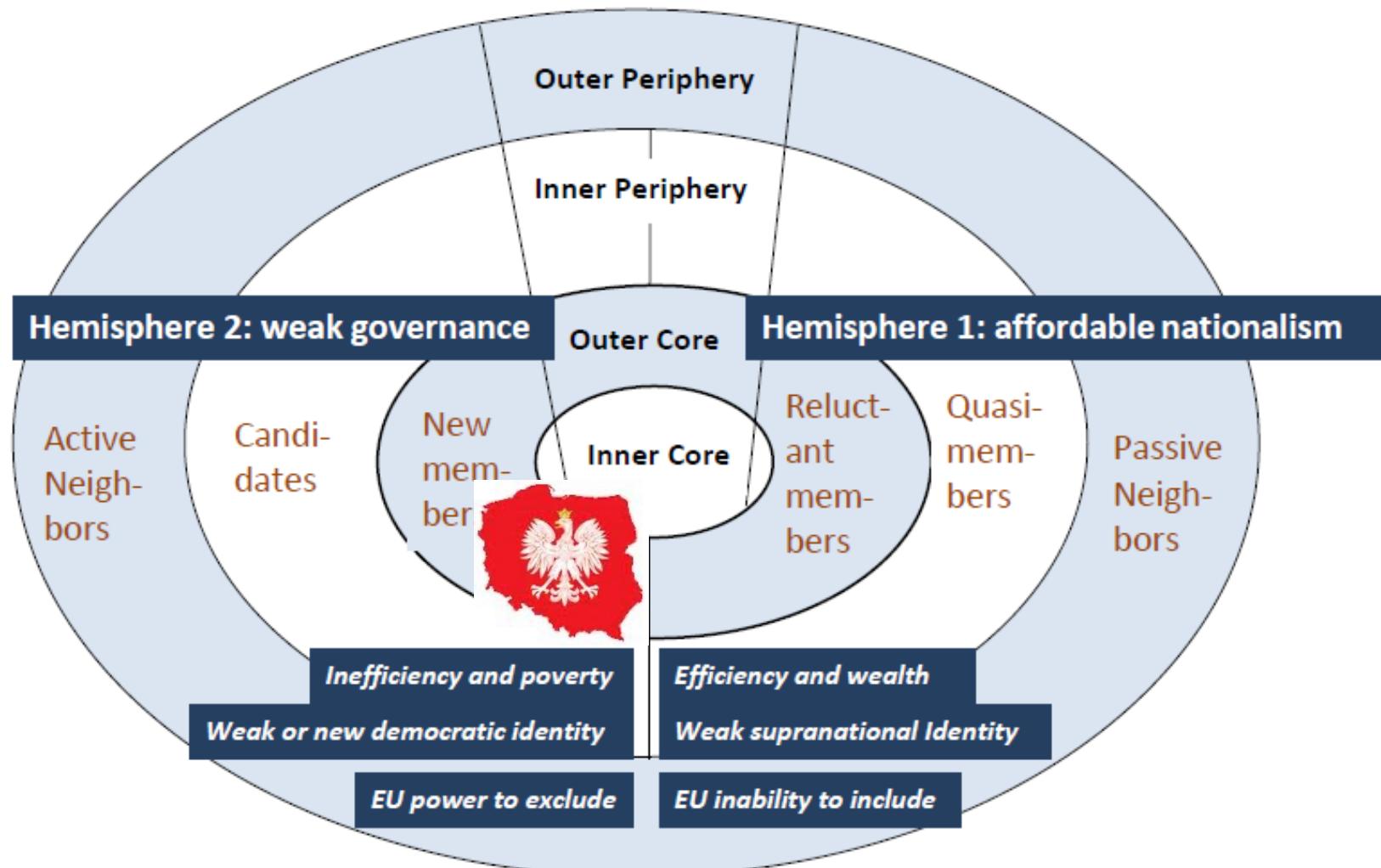
* Enhanced cooperation (Article 38 TEU). FTT to launch 1 January 2016.

** Contracting parties to the Agreement on the Single Resolution Fund.

*** I participates in the Unified Patent Court, not in the Unitary Patent.

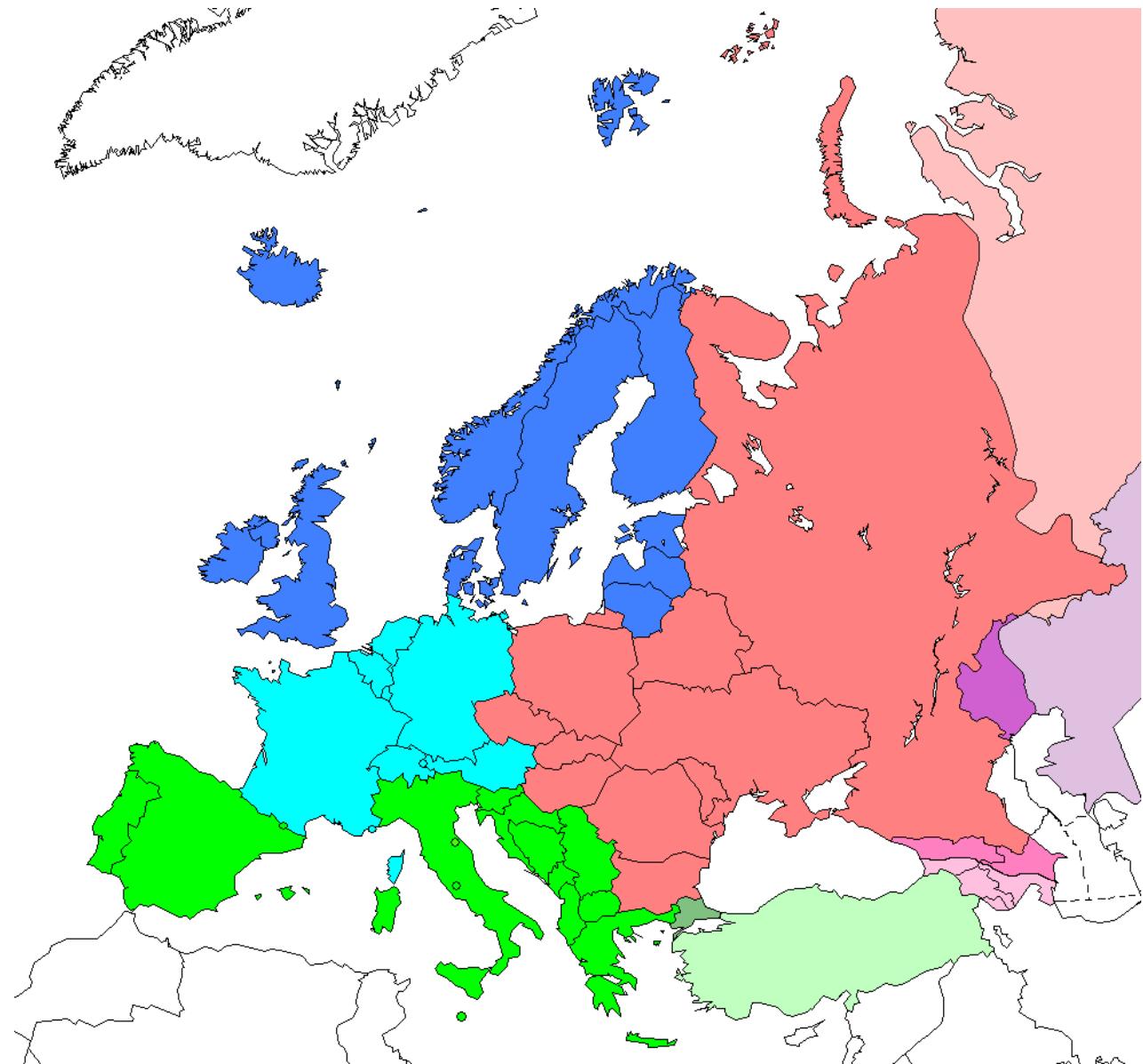


Circles and hemispheres of differentiated European integration

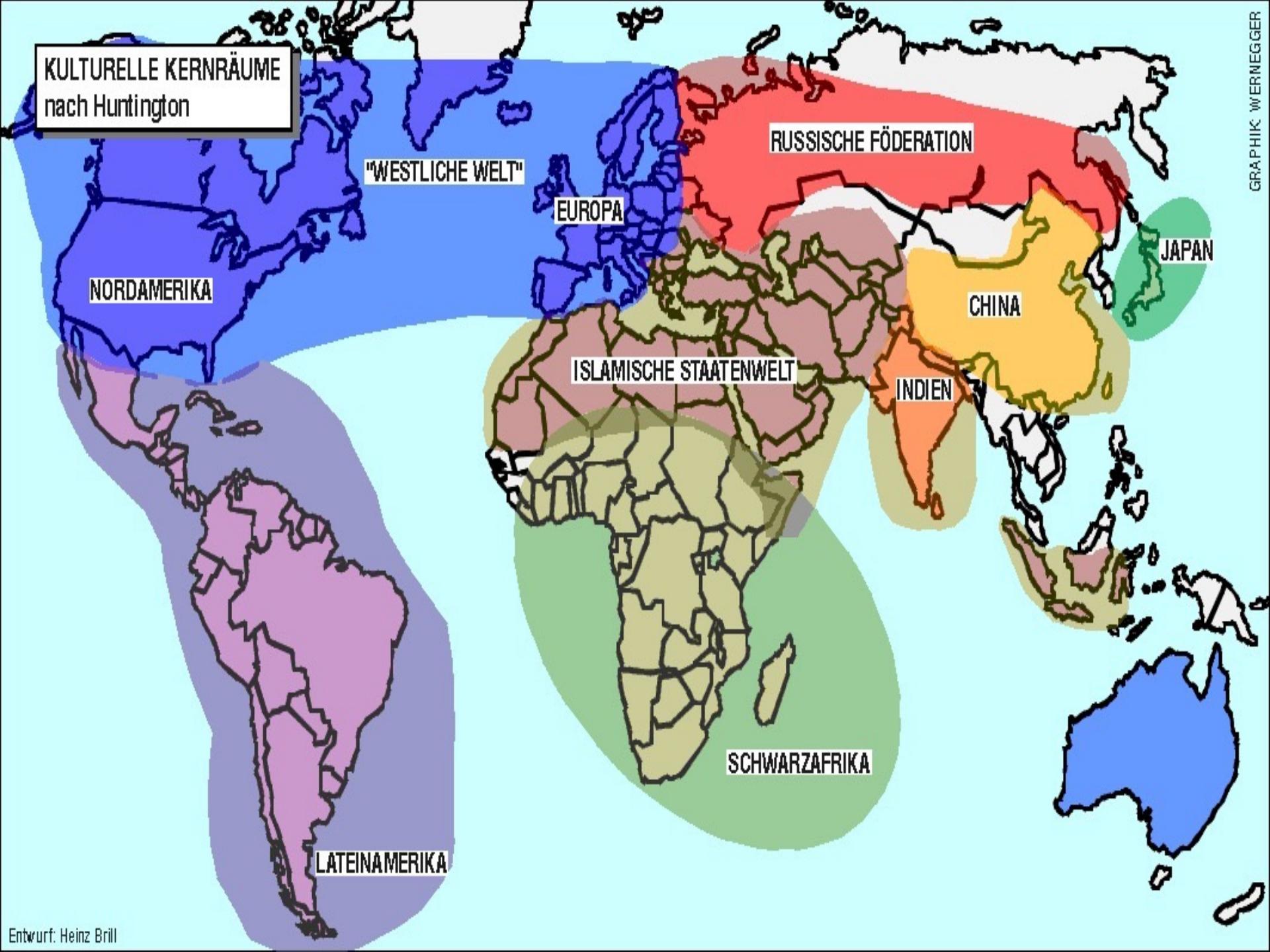




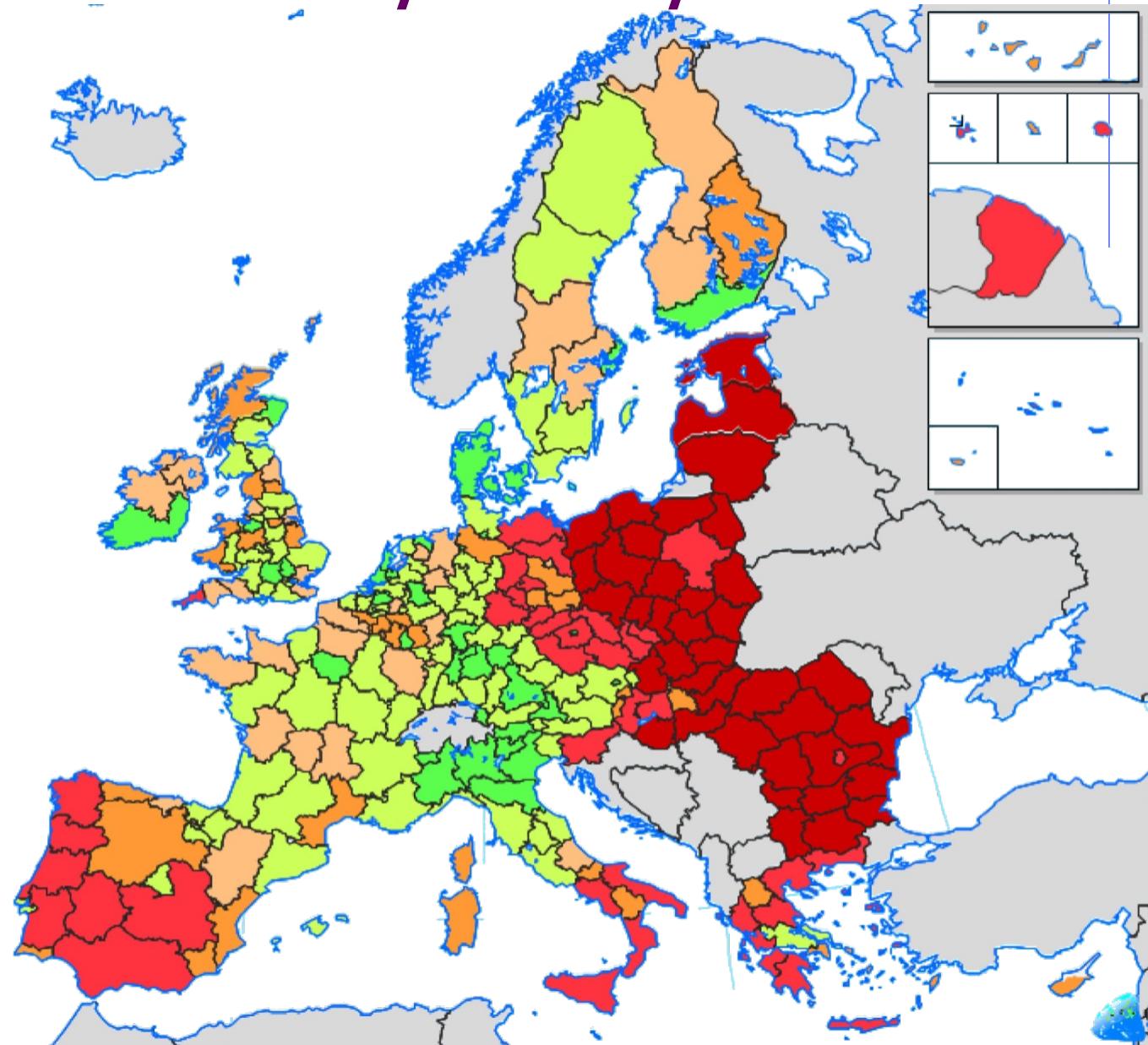
Central Europe ?



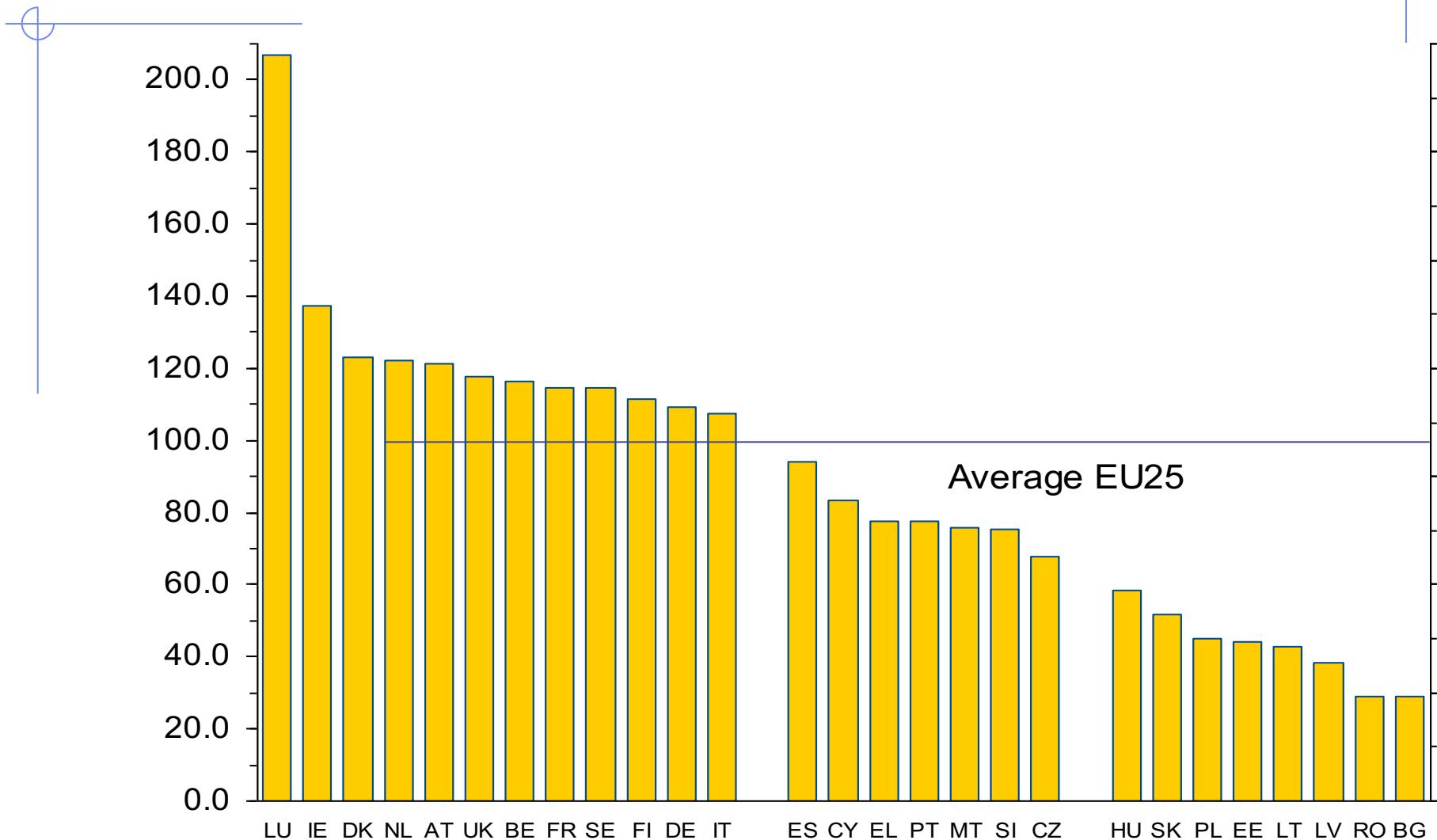
KULTURELLE KERNRÄUME
nach Huntington



GDP *per capita* PPS



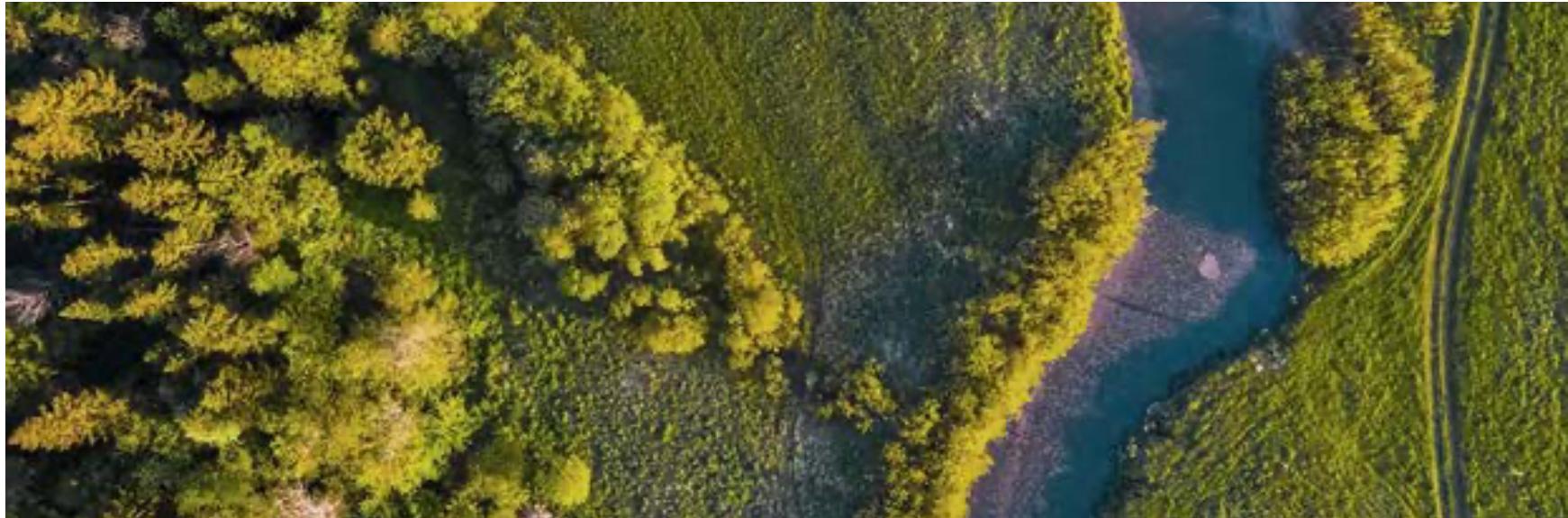
GDP *per capita* PPS in relation to EU 25





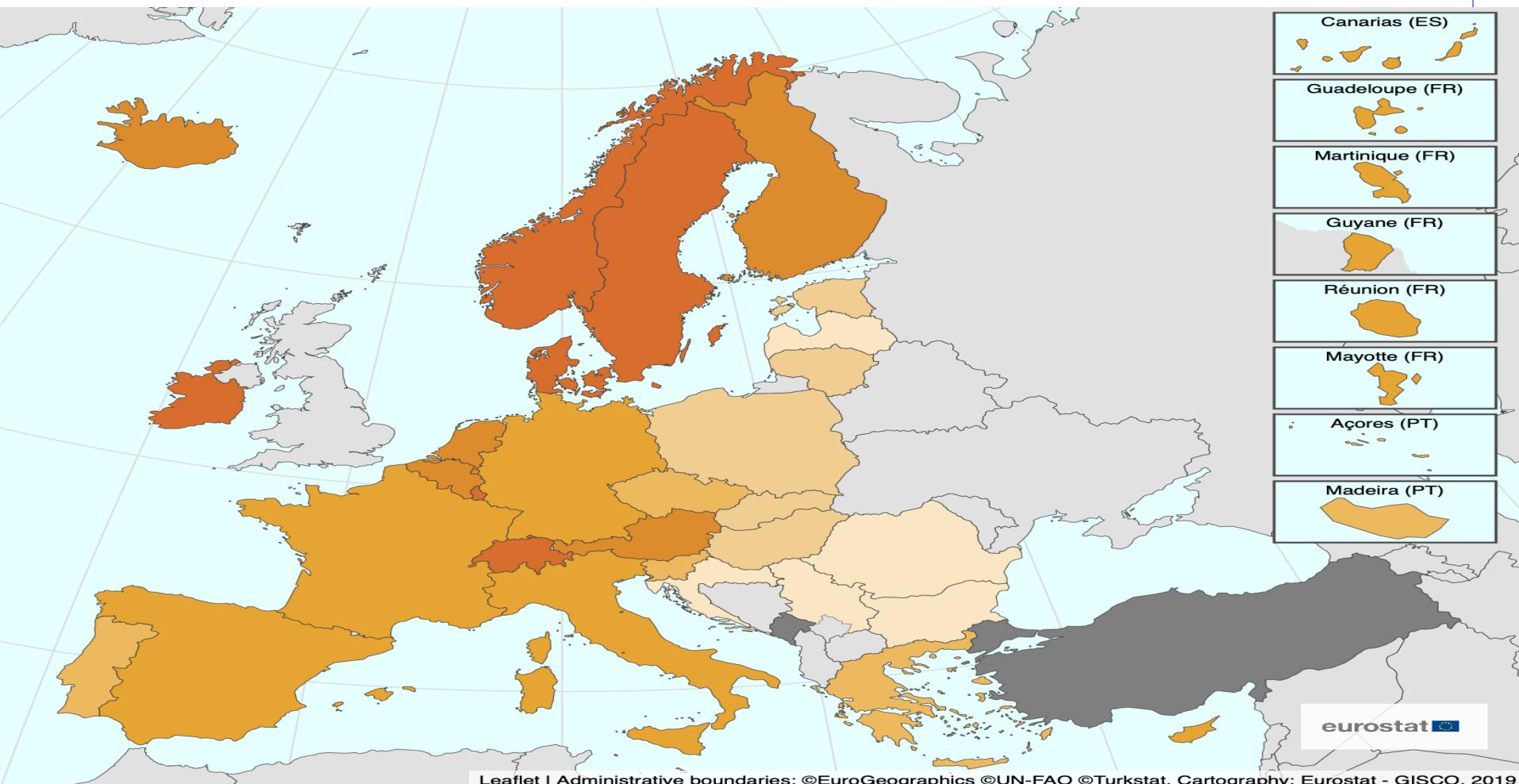
Cohesion in Europe towards 2050

Eighth report on economic,
social and territorial cohesion

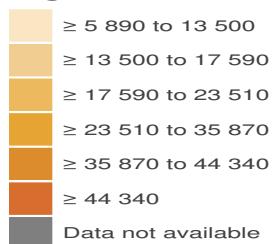


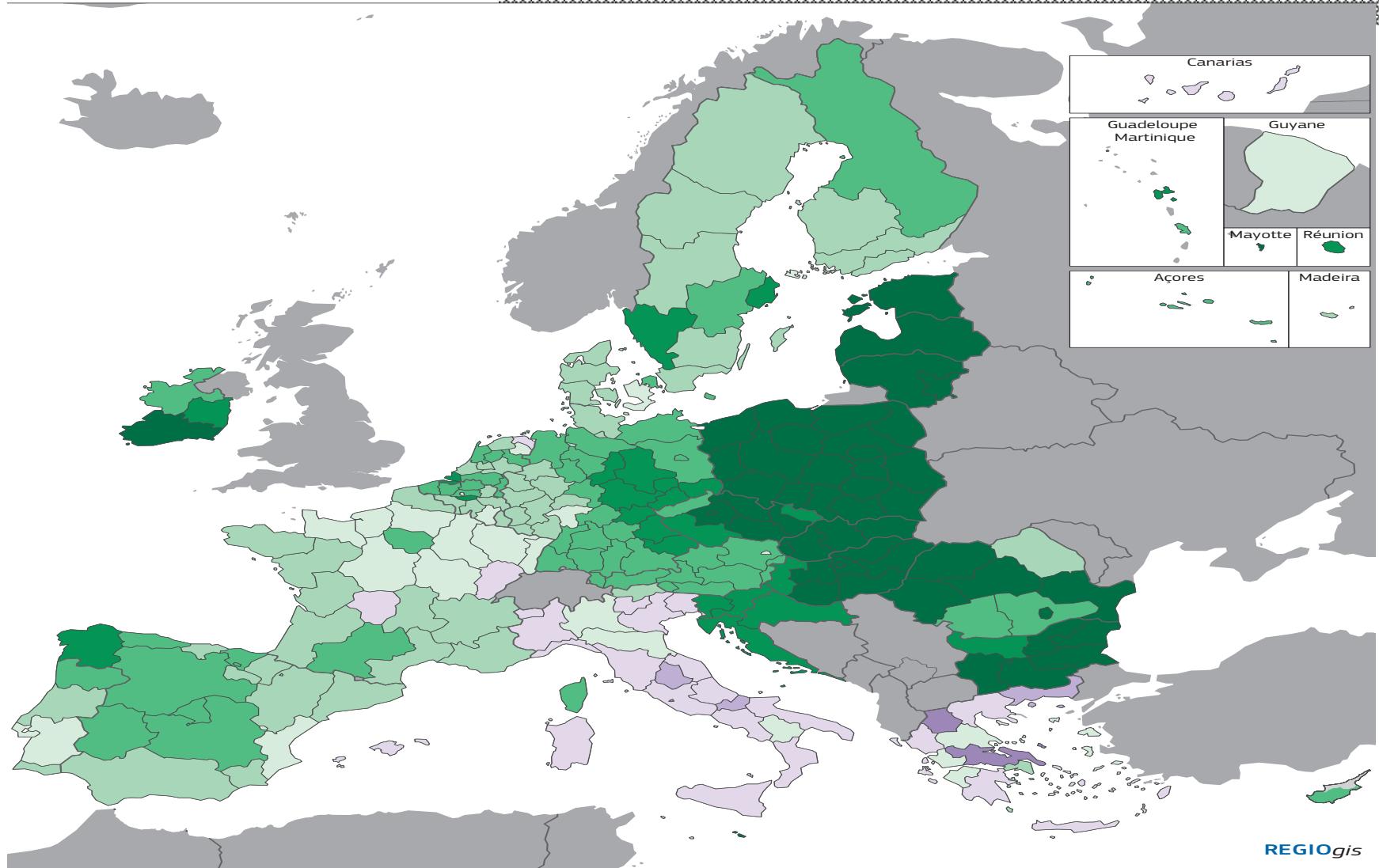
Real GDP per capita

Geopolitical entity (reporting) / Time: 2021 Time frequency: Annual Unit of measure: **Chain linked volumes (2010), euro per capita** National accounts indicator (ESA 2010): **Gross domestic product at market prices**

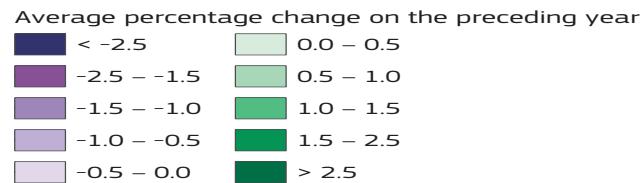


Legend





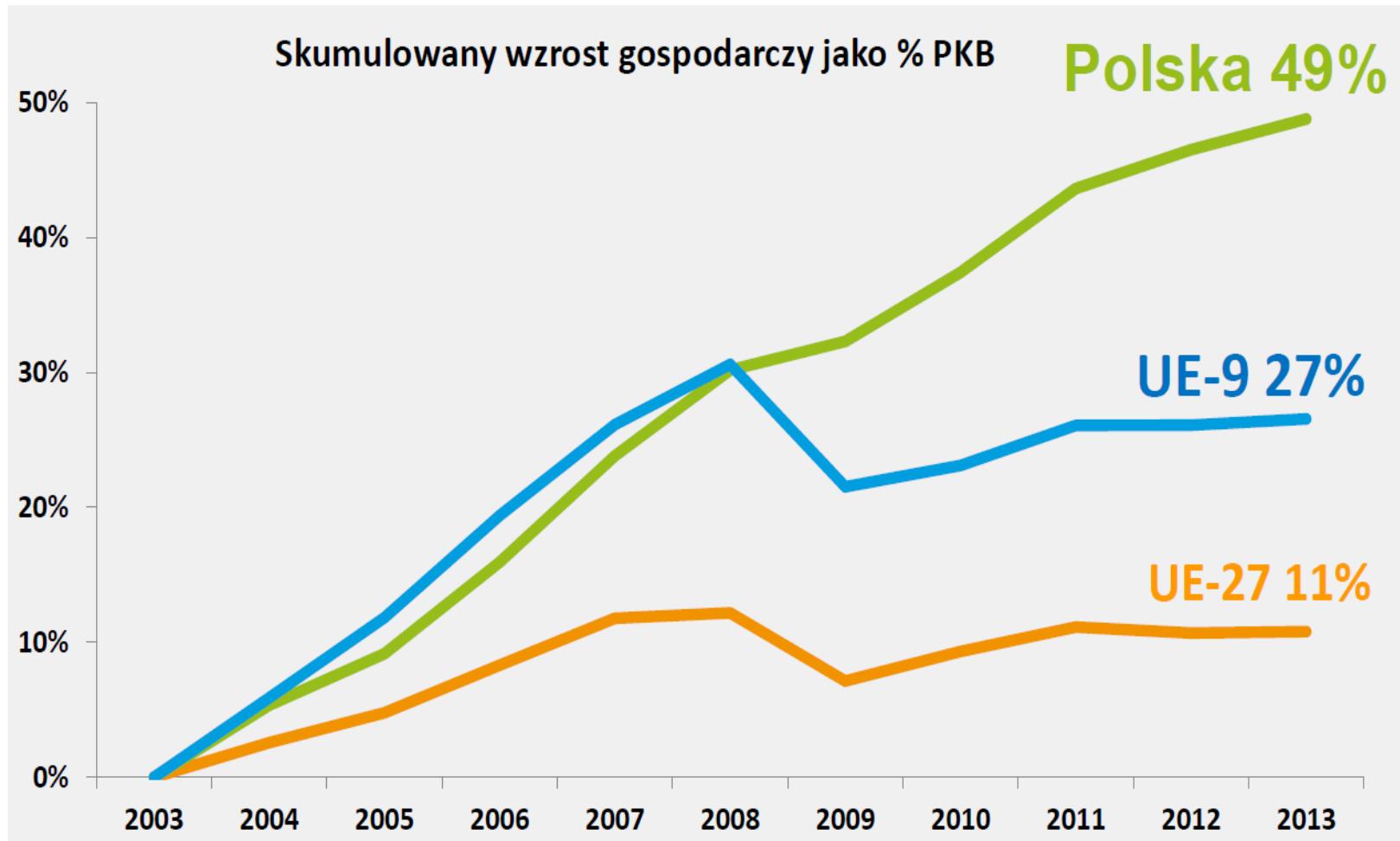
Map 2.2 Growth of GDP per head, 2001–2019

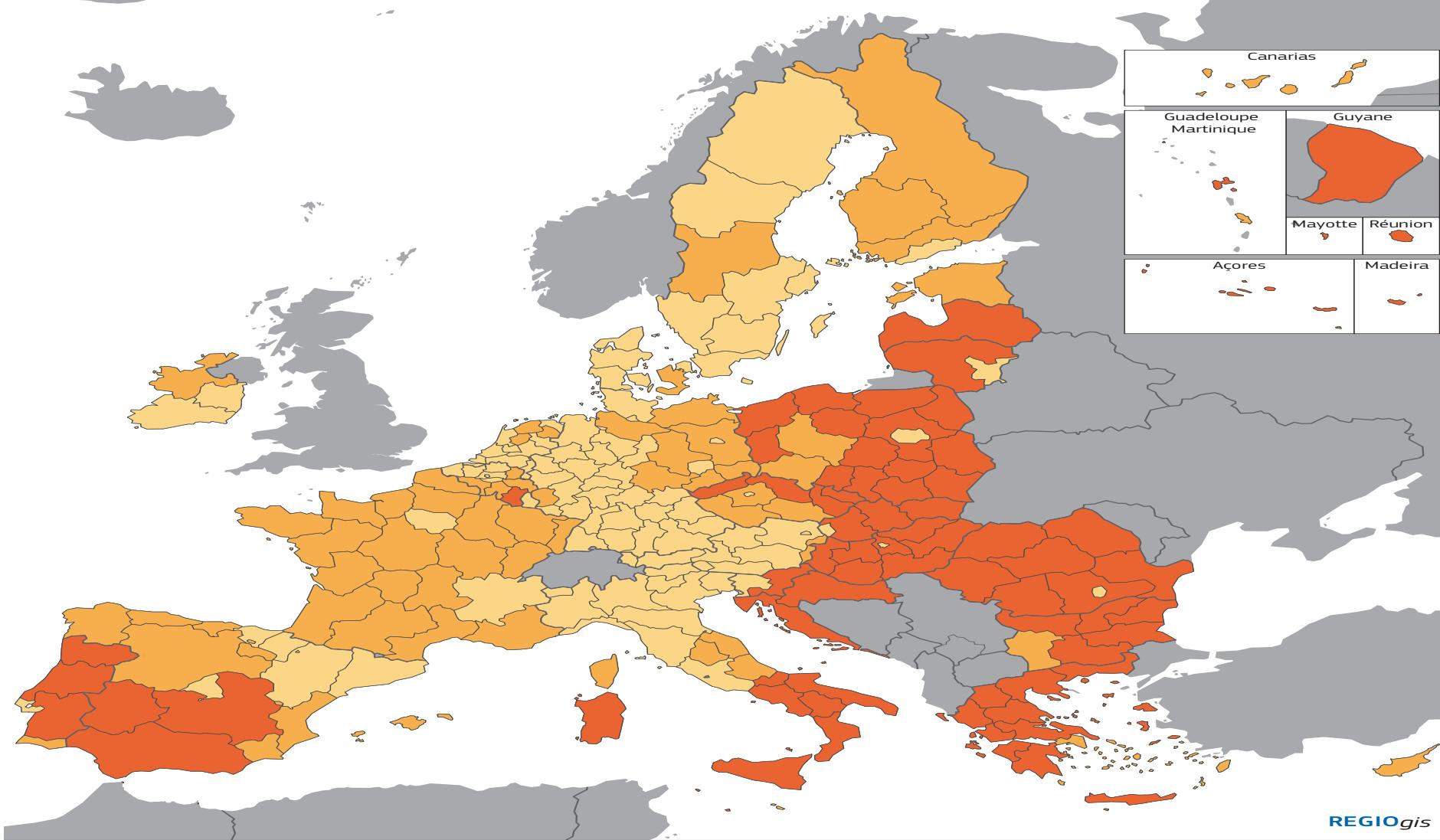


EU-27 = 1.2

Source: DG REGIO based on JRC and Eurostat data.

Cumulated growth





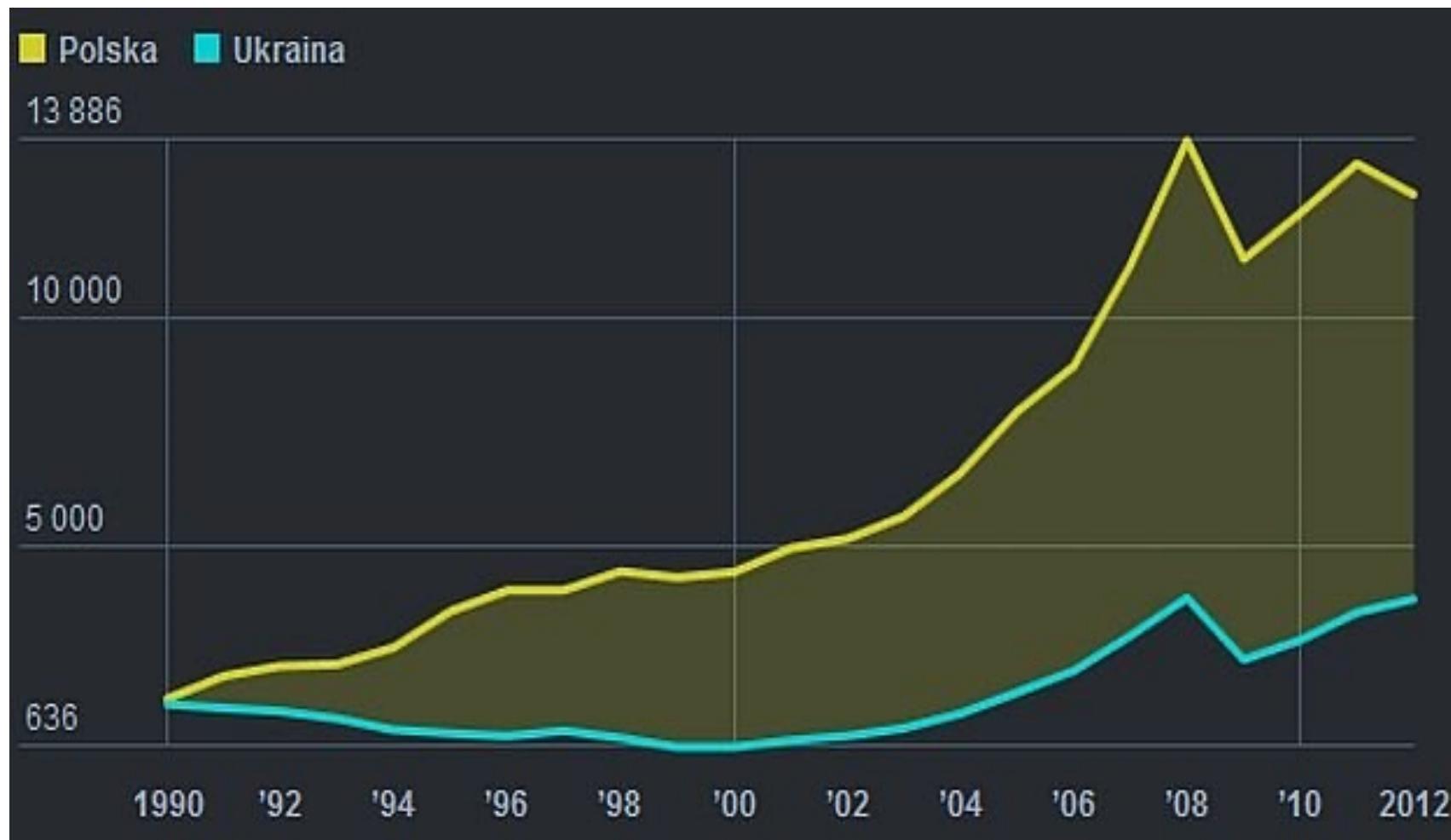
Category of regions for cohesion policy (ERDF and ESF+), 2021–2027

- Less developed regions (GDP per head (PPS) less than 75% of the EU-27 average)
- Transition regions (GDP per head (PPS) between 75% and 100% of the EU-27 average)
- More developed regions (GDP per head (PPS) above 100% of the EU-27 average)

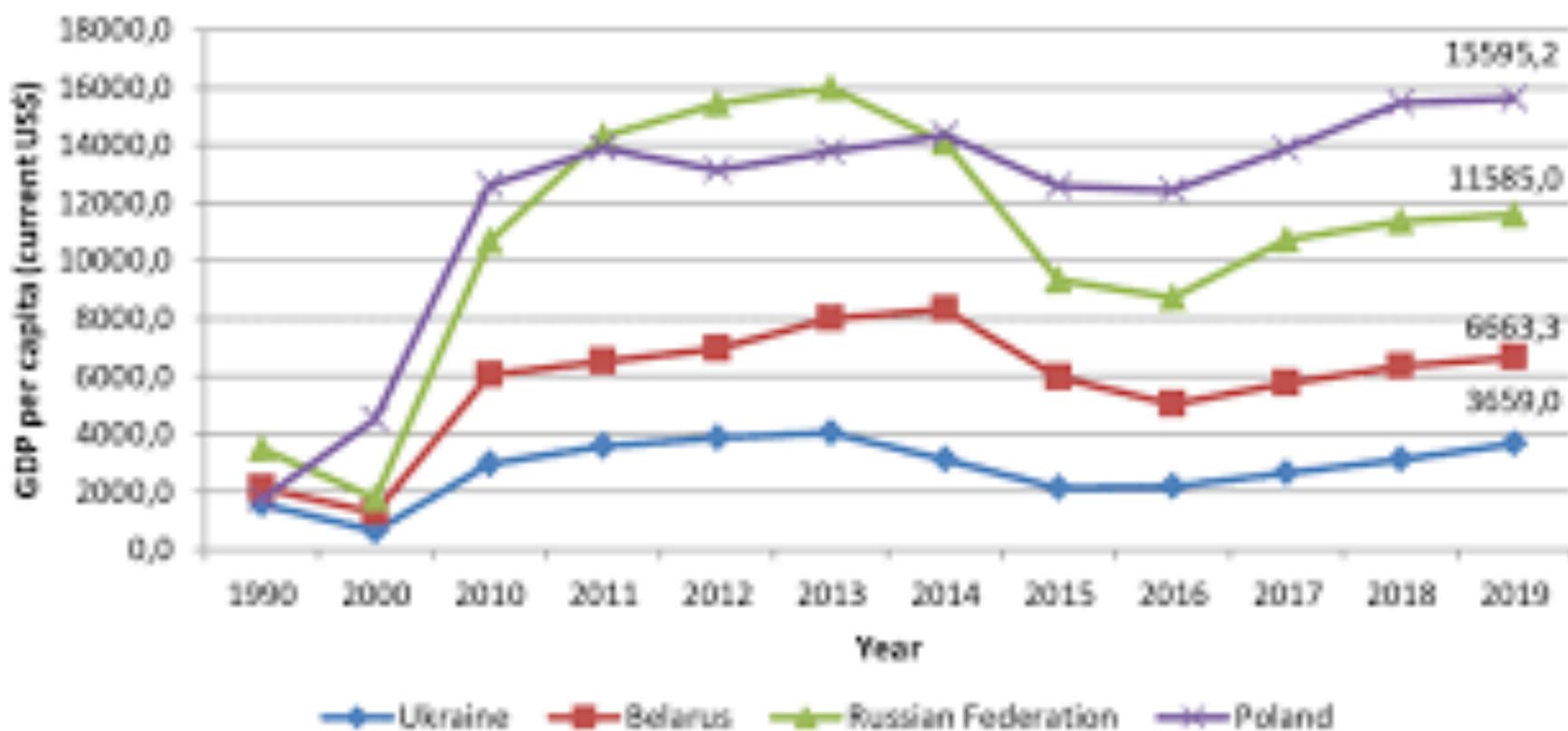
GDP per head: average 2015–2016–2017.

0 500 km

Poland and Ukraine ...



Poland 16700 USD / 2020
Ukraine 3700 USD (4,5x)





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General implications of BREXIT

- ◆ Changing power relations inside of the EU
- ◆ *free marketeers ... leaving*
- ◆ the limits of internal differentiation
- ◆ BREXIT widens the circles of differentiated integration



MAIN DIMENSIONS:

- ◆ Economic
- ◆ Political
- ◆ Social
- ◆ Symbolic

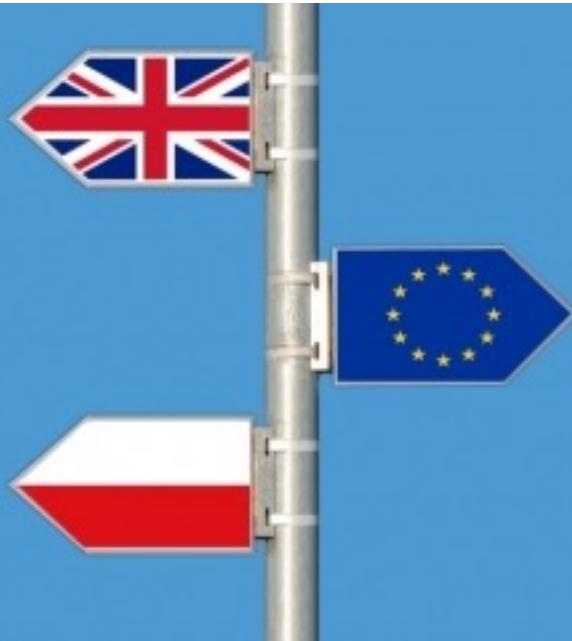


Economic background

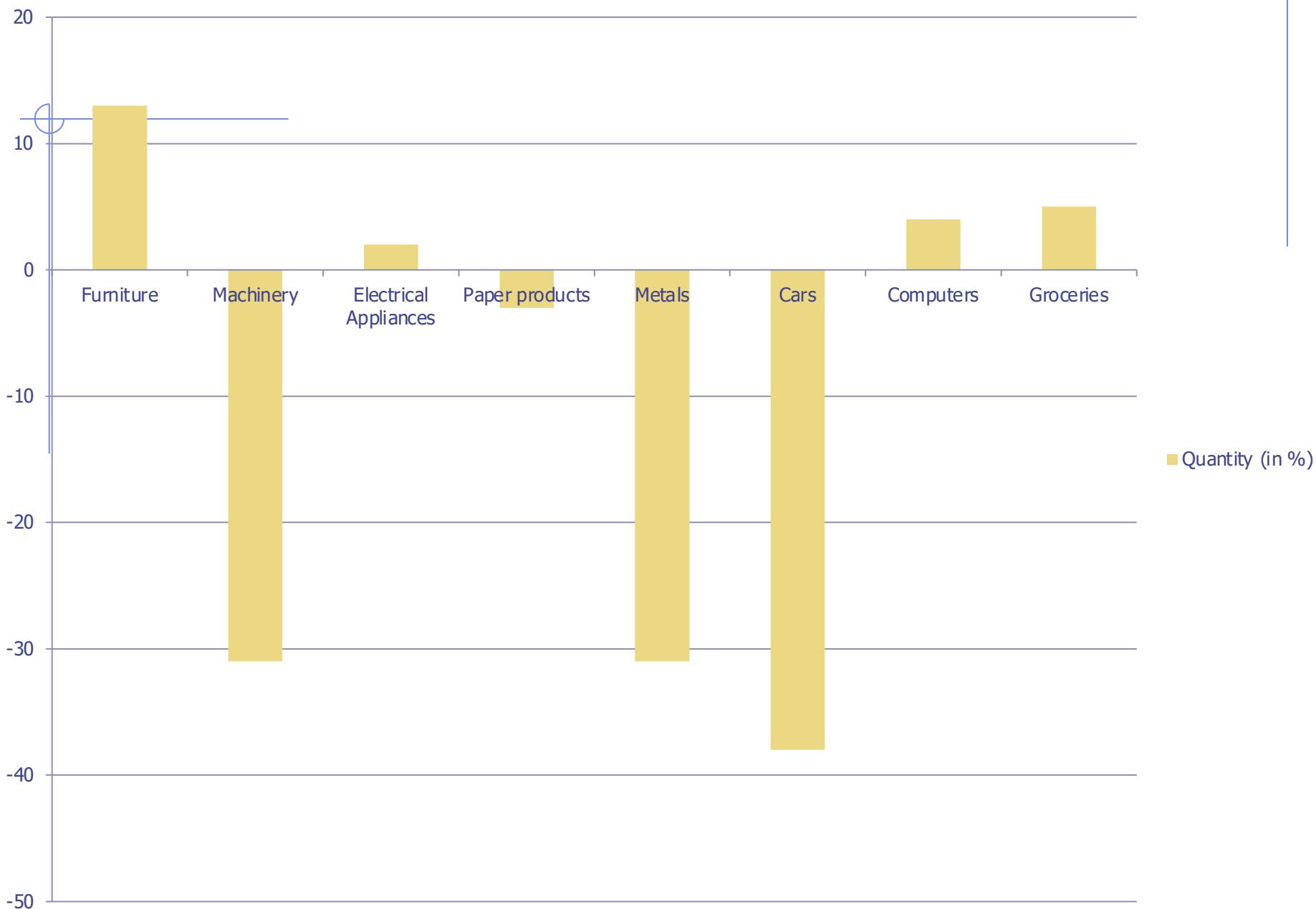
Budgetary flows

Trade flows ... and (im)balances

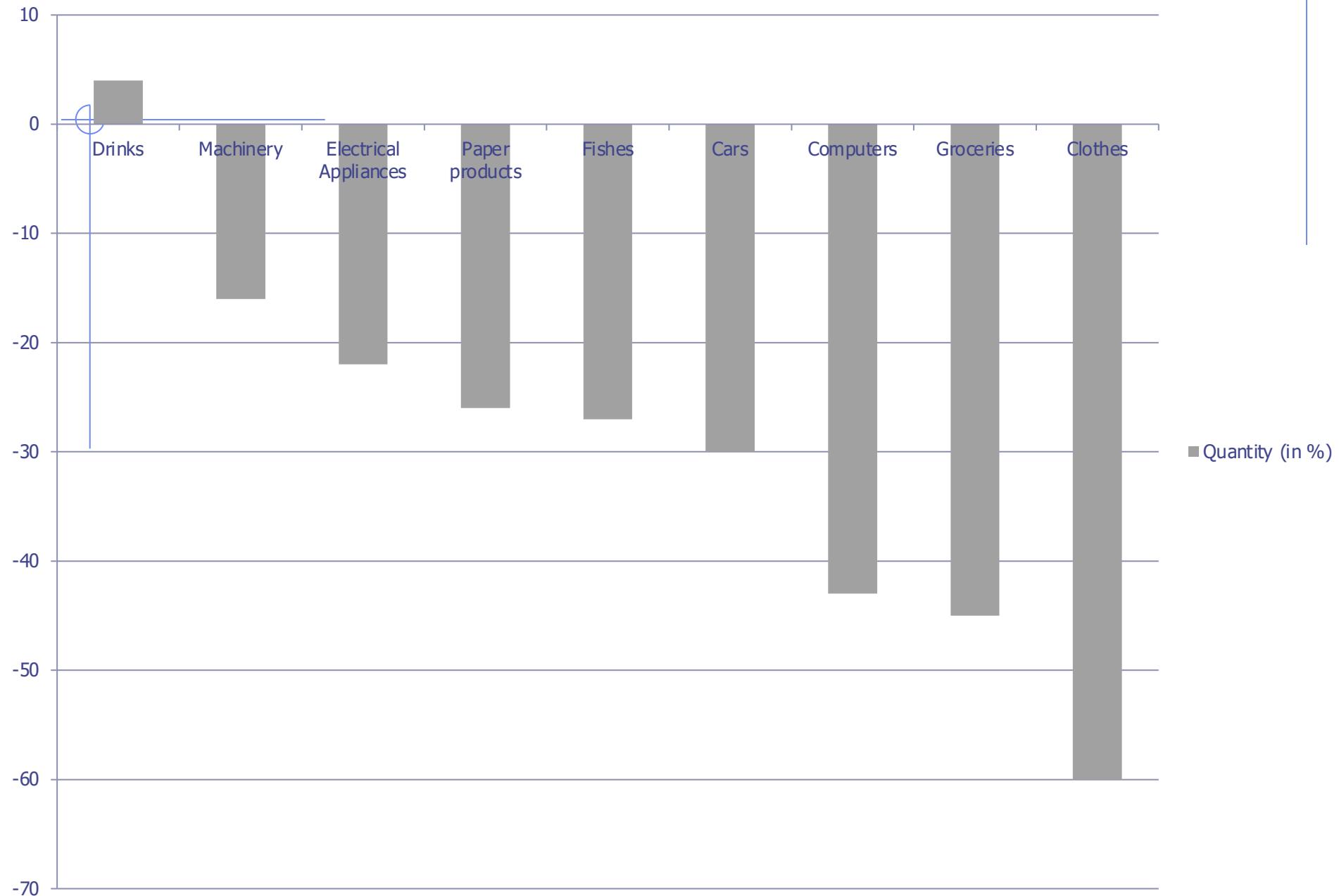
Investment flows



Changes in Polish product exports to Great Britain (2019 compared to 2021)



Changes in Polish product imports from Great Britain (2019 compared to 2021)



31.01.2021

Trade and Cooperation Agreement

Exports from PL to UK - 28,8%

Imports from UK to PL - 59,7%



INTRA-EU trade dependency

PL - more than 70% of all exports, and 80% of all imports is traded with EU economies

UK is second largest export market for PL



UK's first trading partners

- USA
- Germany
- Switzerland
- China

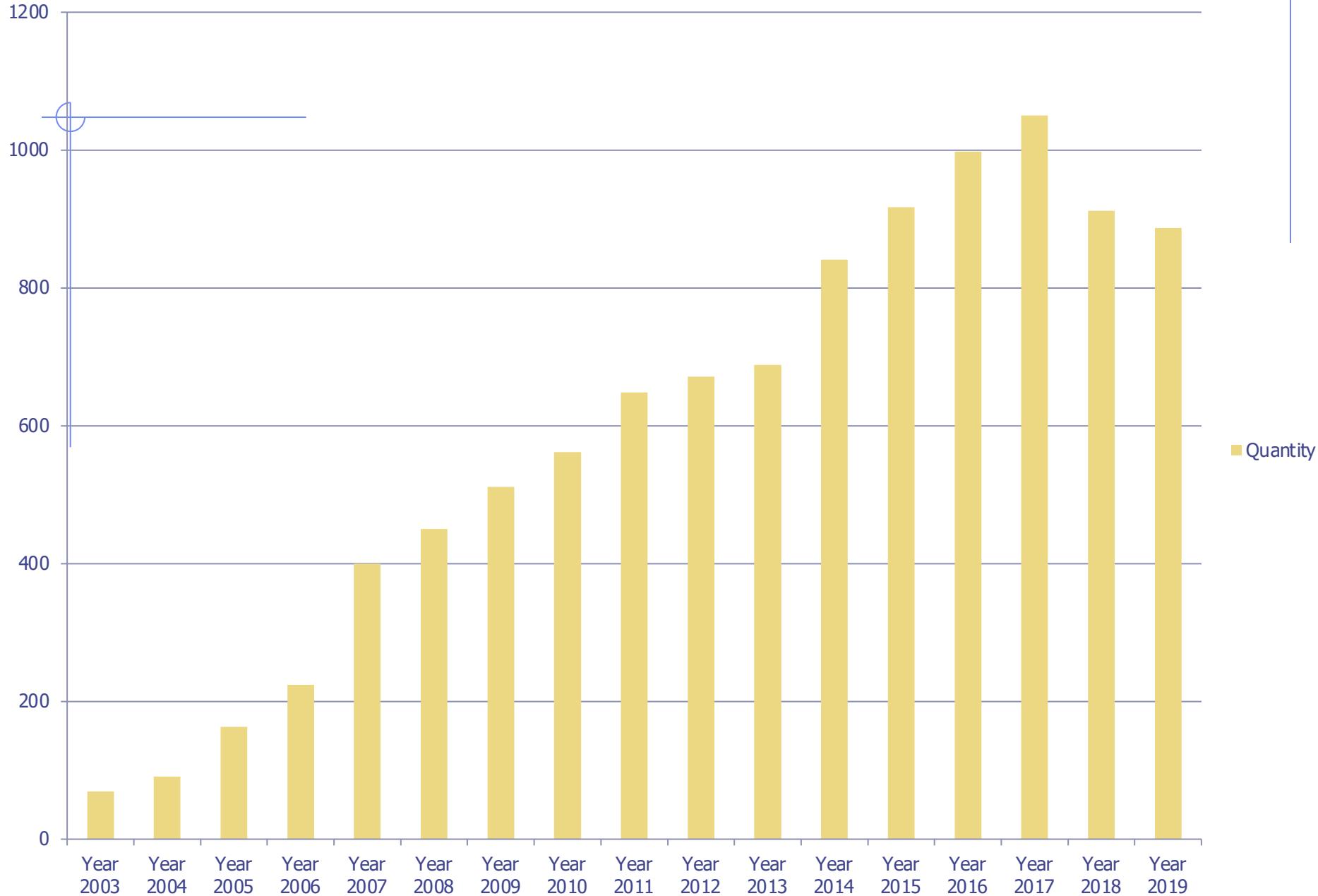


SOCIAL DIMENSION

Migration



The number of Poles residing in Great Britain (in thousands)



POLITICAL ASPECT(s)

SUPRA-NATIONAL LEVEL

- EU Parliament
- Council

DOMESTIC POLITICS

- EUROScepticism
- Discourse on: de-Europeanization / Differentiated integration

SYMBOLIC LEVEL



- ◆ rhetorics



“European Union is a utopian vision that is falling down”.

Zdzisław Krasnodębski (2016)

Andrzej Duda – the President



*Why did the British take such a decision?
Isn't it like this that the EU imposes
too much on the member states?
Isn't it like this that the citizens feel
they have no right to make statements
in important for them issues?*

CONCLUSIONS



- ◆ POLAND as "second Britain" ?

- ◆ Potential avenues ...

POLEXIT

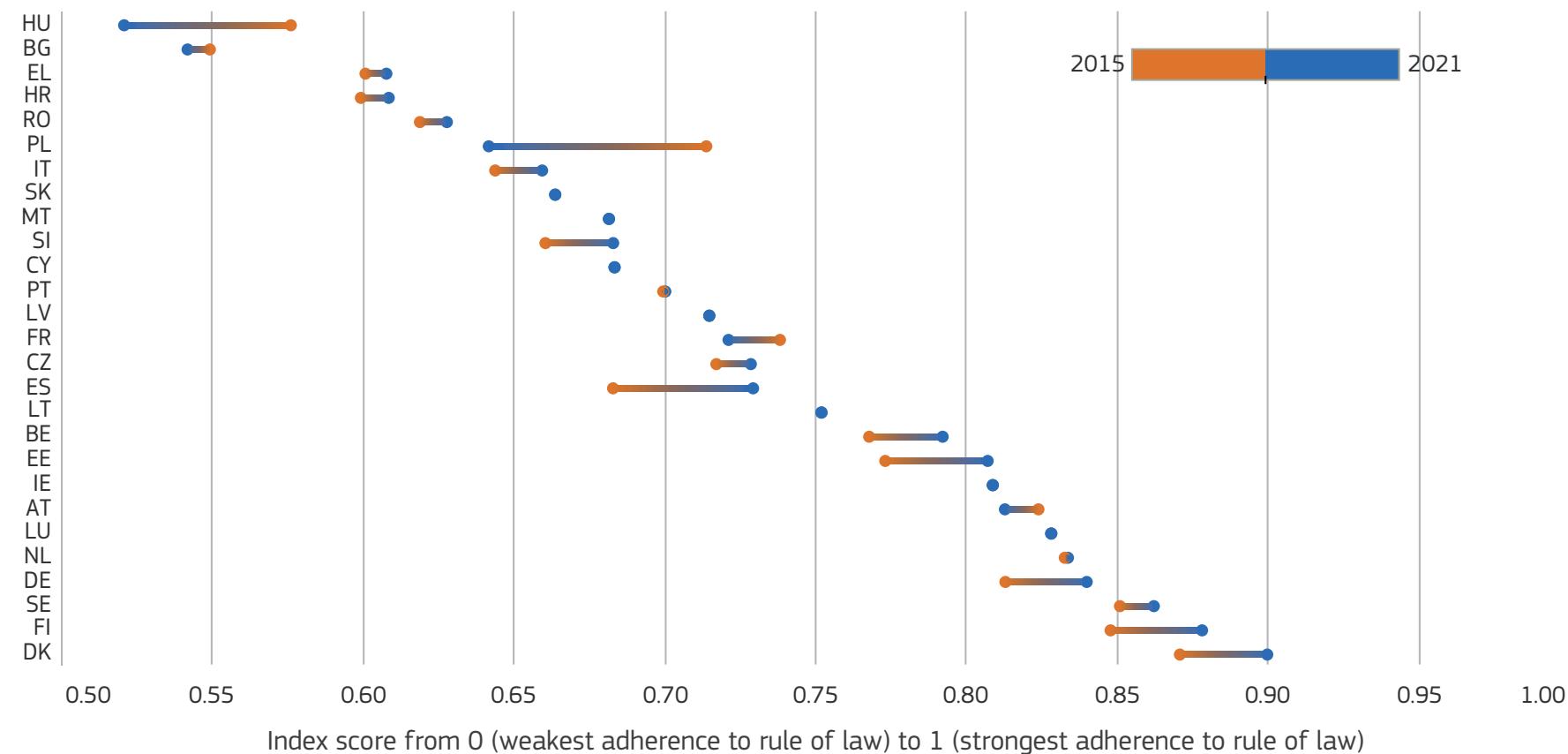


POL EXIT

Poland and Hungary leaving the EU



Figure 7.3 Rule of Law Index score (World Justice Project), 2015 and 2021



Countries are ordered according to their 2021 score. CY, IE, LV, LT, MT, SK: no data available before 2021.

Source: World Justice Project – Rule of Law Index.

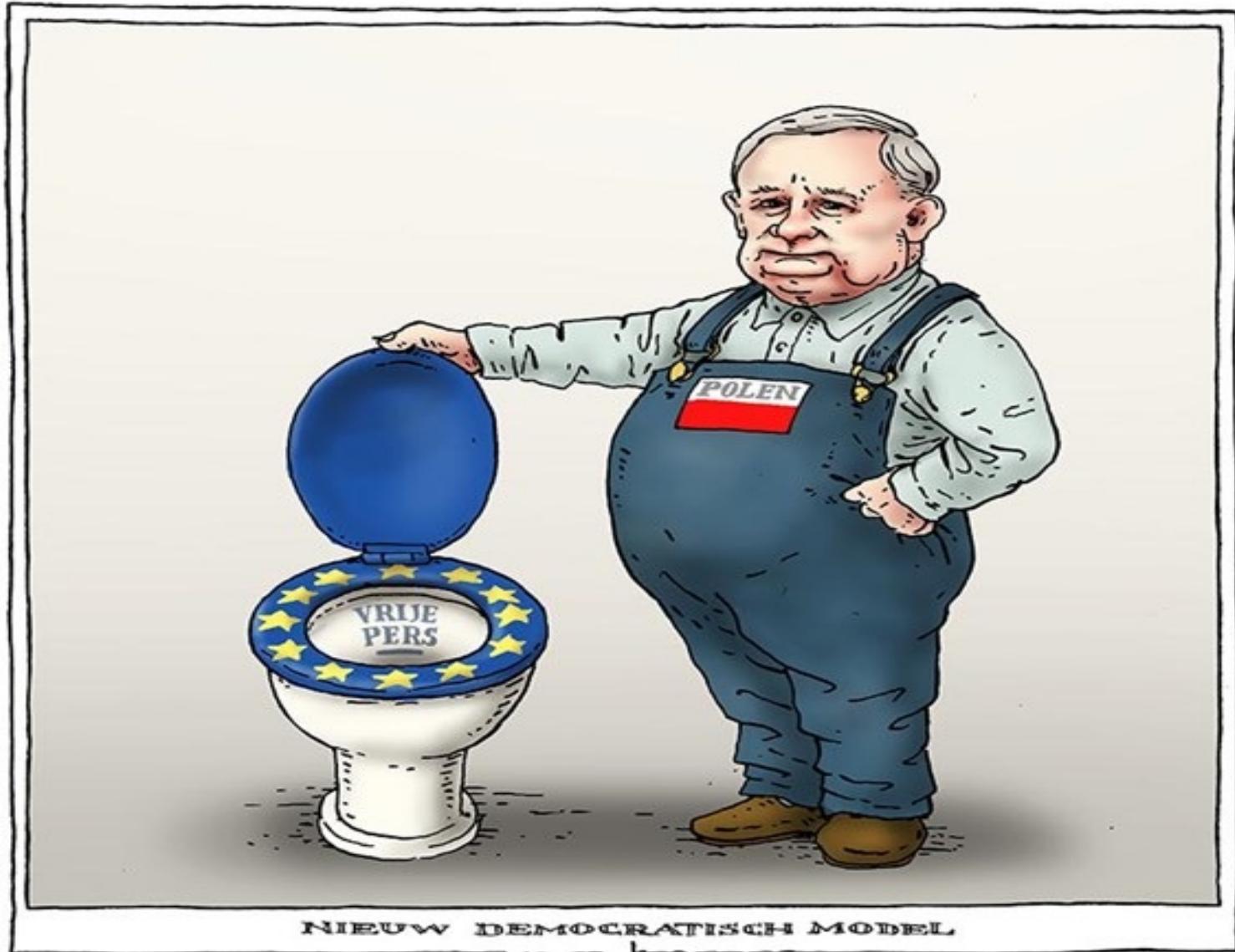
PiS and EUrope



Pessimistic vision of EU and its future



WHY PiS does not like Europe?



CONCLUSIONS



Thank you for your attention

Rafał Riedel

